#### «DERMATOVENEROLOGY»

## (name of the academic discipline)

General Educational Program of higher education (<u>specialist's degree programs</u>) 31.05.03 Dentistry

Department: SKIN AND VENERAL DISEASES

- **1.** The purpose and objectives of mastering the academic discipline is the formation of preventive, diagnostic and therapeutic competencies in dermatovenereology (UC1, GPC 1.5, PC 1.6.7).
- 1.1. The purpose of mastering the discipline: (participation in forming the relevant competencies).
  - 1.2. Tasks of the discipline:

As a result of completing the discipline, the student should

### Know:

- rules for maintaining and issuing standard medical documentation of a dermatological patient (outpatient card, inpatient card);
- specific dermatological infectious diseases (syphilis, tuberculosis, actinomycosis) and their clinical manifestations in the maxillofacial area;
- etiology, pathogenesis and preventive measures of the most common dermatological and venereal diseases, their clinical picture, course features and possible complications;
- methods of diagnostics and diagnostic possibilities during the examination of a dermatovenerological patient (including X-ray, endoscopic and ultrasound methods);
- criteria for diagnosing various diseases of dermatological and venereal diseases with mucosal lesions;
- implementation of a rational choice of medicines in the treatment of various pathological syndromes and emergency conditions;
- clinical picture, course features and possible complications of the most common diseases occurring in a typical form.

## Be able to:

collect a complete medical history of the patient, including data on the state of the oral cavity;

- conduct a survey of the patient, his relatives (to collect biological, medical, psychological and social information);
- interpret the results of the survey, make a preliminary diagnosis to the patient, outline the scope of additional studies to clarify the diagnosis;
- formulate indications for the chosen method of treatment, taking into account etiotropic and pathogenetic agents;
- substantiate pharmacotherapy in a particular patient with the main pathological syndromes and emergency conditions, determine the methods of administration, regimen and dose of drugs;
  - evaluate the effectiveness and safety of the treatment;
- draw up a plan for conducting the necessary laboratory, instrumental and other methods of examining a patient and be able to analyze them;
- formulate a detailed clinical diagnosis and substantiate it on the basis of a differentiated diagnosis;
- be able to analyze the research material and formulate conclusions based on the results of the research.

#### **Possess:**

- interpretation of the results of laboratory, instrumental diagnostic methods in patients;
- an algorithm for making a preliminary diagnosis to patients and, if necessary, with their subsequent referral for additional examination and to specialist doctors;
  - an algorithm for making a detailed clinical diagnosis;
  - skills of presenting an independent point of view, analysis and logical thinking, public

speech, moral and ethical reasoning, discussions and round tables.

- skills in assessing symptoms and syndromes in major dermatovenereological diseases;
- skills in interpreting the results of laboratory, instrumental diagnostic methods in order to make a preliminary diagnosis and master the algorithm for making a clinical diagnosis.
  - skills in the treatment of various pathological syndromes and emergency
- 2. Position of the academic discipline in the structure of the General Educational Program of Higher Education (GEP HE) of the organization.
- **2.1.** The discipline dermatovenereology refers to the core part (or the part formed by the participants of educational relations) of Block 1 of GEP HE (B1.0.31).

The discipline is taught in 7 semester 4 year of study.

3. Deliverables of mastering the academic discipline and metrics of competence acquisition

Mastering the discipline aims at acquiring the following universal (UC) or/and general

professional (GPC) or/and professional (PC) competencies

	As a result of mastering the discipline,					the discipline.
	~	The content	Code and name of the		e students sho	
№	Competen ce code	of the competence (or its part)	competence acquisition metric	know	be able to	possess
	UC-1.	Able to carry out a critical analysis of problem situations based on a systematic approach, develop an action strategy	Able to carry out a critical analysis of problem situations based on a systematic approach, develop an action strategy	1.1 Knows: methods of critical analysis and evaluation of modern scientific achieveme nts; basic principles of critical analysis	1.2 Able to: gain new knowledge based on analysis, synthesis, etc.; collect data on complex scientific problems related to the profession al field; search for informatio n and solutions based on action, experiment and experience	1.3 Has practical experience: researching the problem of professional activity using analysis, synthesis and other methods of intellectual activity; developing an action strategy to solve professional problems
	GPC-1	Able to implement moral and	Able to implement moral and legal norms, ethical and	1.1 Knows: basics of	1.2 Able to: apply ethical	1.3 Has practical experience
		legal norms, ethical and deontologic al principles	deontological principles in professional activities	medical ethics and deontology	norms and principles of behavior	in: solving standard problems of professional

	in professional activities		fundament als of legislation in the field of healthcare; legal aspects of medical practice	of a healthcare worker in the performan ce of their profession al duties; knowledge of modern legislation in the field of healthcare in solving problems of profession al activity; apply the rules and norms of interaction between a doctor and colleagues and patients (their legal representat ives)	activity based on ethical norms and deontological principles when interacting with colleagues and patients (their legal representativ es), knowledge of the legal aspects of medical practice
GPC-5.	Able to assess morphofunc tional, physiologica l conditions and pathological processes in the human body to solve professional problems	Able to assess morphofunctional, physiological conditions and pathological processes in the human body to solve professional problems	5.1 Knows: anatomy, histology, embryolog y, topographi c anatomy, physiology , pathologic al anatomy and physiology of human organs and systems	5.2 Able to: evaluate the basic morpholog ical and functional data, physiologi cal conditions and pathologic al processes in the human body	5.3 Has practical experience in: assessment of basic morphologic al and functional data, physiological conditions and pathological processes in the human body when solving professional problems

PC -1	Able to	Able to assess the condition	Knows:	1.2 Able	
	assess the	of a patient requiring	etiology,	to: identify	
	condition of	medical treatment in the	pathogenes	clinical	
	a patient	emergency form	is and	signs of	
	requiring		pathomorp	conditions	
	medical		hology,	requiring	
	treatment in		clinical	medical	
	the		aspect,	treatment	
	emergency		differential	in the	
	form		diagnosis,	emergency	
			clinical	form	
			features,		
			complicati		
			ons and		
			outcomes		
			of diseases		
			of internal		
			organs;		
			methodolo		
			gy for		
			collecting		
			complaints		
			and		
			anamnesis;		
			physical		
			examinatio		
			n		
			technique		
			(examinati		
			on,		
			palpation,		
			percussion,		
			auscultatio		
			n); a list of		
			laboratory		
			and		
			instrument		
			al research		
			methods		
			for		
			assessing		
			the		
			condition,		
			the main		
			medical		
			indications		
			for		
			conducting		
			research		
			and		
			interpretin		
			g the		

PG 6			results of patients requiring medical care in the emergency form	
PC-6	Able to send a patient to laboratory, instrumental examination , to a consultation with specialist doctors if there are medical indications in accordance with the current procedures for the provision of medical care, clinical recommend ations (treatment protocols) on providing medical care taking into account the standards of medical care	PC-6 Able to send a patient to laboratory, instrumental examination, to a consultation with specialist doctors if there are medical indications in accordance with the current procedures for the provision of medical care, clinical recommendations (treatment protocols) on providing medical care taking into account the standards of medical care, and also refer the patient for providing specialized medical care in an inpatient setting or in a day hospital if there are medical indications in accordance with the current procedures for the medical care delivery, clinical recommendations (treatment protocols) on the medical care delivery taking into account the standards of medical care	6.1 Knows: general issues of organizing medical care for the population, methods of laboratory and instrument al examinatio ns to assess the state of health, medical indications for conducting examinatio ns, rules for interpretin g their results; procedures for the provision of medical care, clinical recommen dations (treatment protocols) on the provision of medical care,	6.2 Able to: justify the need and scope of laboratory examinatio n of the patient; justify the need and scope of instrument al examinatio n of the patient; justify the need to refer the patient for consultatio ns with specialist doctors; determine medical indications for the provision of emergency , including emergency specialized , medical care

 1	1		1	,	
			standards		
			of medical		
			care		
PC-7	PC-7 Able	Able to: make a differential	7.1	7.2 Able	
	to: make a	diagnosis with other	Knows:	to: analyze	
	differential	diseases/conditions	etiology,	the results	
	diagnosis	including emergencies,	pathogenes	of the	
	with other	establish a diagnosis taking	is and	patient's	
	diseases/con	into account the current	pathomorp	examinatio	
	ditions	international statistical	hology,	n, if	
	including	classification of diseases	clinical	necessary,	
	emergencies	and	aspect,	justify and	
		related health problems	differential	plan the	
		_	diagnosis,	scope of	
			clinical	additional	
			features,	examinatio	
			complicati	ns;	
			ons and	interpret	
			outcomes	the results	
			of diseases	of	
			of internal	collecting	
			organs;	informatio	
			methods of	n about the	
			laboratory	patient's	
			and	disease;	
			instrument	interpret	
			al	the data	
			examinatio	obtained	
			ns for	during the	
			assessing	laboratory	
			the state of	examinatio	
			health,	n of the	
			medical	patient;	
			indications	interpret	
			for	the data	
			conducting	obtained	
			examinatio	during the	
			ns, rules	instrument	
			for	al	
			interpretin	examinatio	
			g their	n of the	
			results;	patient;	
			ICD	interpret	
				the data	
				obtained	
				during	
				consultatio	
				ns of the	
				patient by	
				medical	
				specialists;	
				to carry	

out differential
diagnostics
of diseases
of internal
organs from other
from other diseases

# 4. Sections of the academic discipline and competencies that are formed when mastering them

№	Competen ce code	Section name of the discipline	The content of the section in teaching units
1	UC1, GPC 1.5, PC 1,6.7	General dermatology.	Brief history of the development of dermatology. Anatomy and histology of normal skin. The structure of the oral mucosa and the red border of the lips. Physiology and basic functions of the skin and oral mucosa
2	UC1, GPC 1.5, PC 1,6.7	Papulosquamous dermatoses.	Psoriasis, lichen planus, pink lichen gibert: etiology, pathogenesis, clinic, diagnosis and principles of treatment and prevention. Demonstration of patients
3	UC1, GPC 1.5, PC 1,6.7	Allergodermatosis.	Dermatitis (allergic and contact), eczema, atopic dermatitis: etiology, pathogenesis, clinic, diagnosis and principles of treatment and prevention. Demonstration of patients
4	UC1, GPC 1.5, PC 1,6.7	Drugs reactions	Toxicodermia (erythema multiforme exudative, Stevens-Johnson syndrome, Lyell's syndrome): etiology, pathogenesis, clinic, diagnosis and principles of treatment and prevention. Demonstration of patients
5	UC1, GPC 1.5, PC 1,6.7		Superficial and deep pyoderma, clinical varieties: etiology, pathogenesis, clinic, diagnosis and principles of treatment and prevention. Demonstration of patients  Scabies: etiology, pathogenesis, clinic, diagnosis and principles of treatment and prevention. Demonstration of patients  Pediculosis: etiology, pathogenesis, clinic, diagnosis and principles of treatment and prevention. Demonstration of patients
6	UC1, GPC 1.5, PC 1,6.7.	Fungal diseases	Pityriasis versicolor, erythrasma, mycosis of the head, feet, smooth skin and inguinal folds, candidiasis: etiology, pathogenesis, clinic, diagnosis and principles of treatment and prevention. Demonstration of patients Demonstration of patients.
7	UC1, GPC 1.5, PC 1,6.7.	Diffuse connective tissue diseases	Lupus erythematosus, sclerodderma and dermatomyositis: etiology, pathogenesis, clinic, diagnosis and principles of treatment and prevention. Demonstration of patients Demonstration of patients.
8	UC1, GPC 1.5, PC 1,6.7.	Viral dermatoses	Herpetic infection, human papillomavirus: etiology, pathogenesis, clinic, diagnosis and principles of treatment and prevention. Demonstration of patients
9	UC1, GPC 1.5, PC 1,6.7.	Vesicular dermatoses	Pemphigus, pemphigus: etiology, pathogenesis, clinic, diagnosis and principles of treatment and prevention. Demonstration of patients.
10	UC1, GPC 1.5, PC 1,6.7	Cheilitis	Eczematous, esfoliative, grandular, actinic cheilitis: etiology, pathogenesis, clinic, diagnosis and principles of treatment and prevention  Demonstration of patients

11	UC1, GPC 1.5, PC 1,6.7.	Syphilis	Etiology, pathogenesis, clinic, diagnosis and principles of treatment and prevention. Demonstration of patients
12	UC1, GPC 1.5, PC 1,6.7.	Gonorrhea	Gonorrhea: etiology, pathogenesis, clinic, diagnosis and principles of treatment and prevention. Demonstration of patients
13	UC1, GPC 1.5, PC 1,6.7.	STI	Scabies, HPV: etiology, pathogenesis, clinic, diagnosis and rationale for treatment and prevention.  Chlamydia: etiology, pathogenesis, clinic, diagnosis, treatment and prevention.  Trichomoniasis: etiology, pathogenesis, clinic, diagnosis, causes, treatment and prevention

5. Volume of the academic discipline and types of academic work

Type of educational work	Labor	Labor intensity		
	volume in credit	volume in academic	in semesters	
	units (CU)	hours (AH)	VII	
Classroom work, including	1.8	66	66	
Lectures (L)	0,4	14	14	
Laboratory practicum (LP)*				
Practicals (P)	1,4	52	52	
Seminars (S)				
Student's individual work (SIW)	1,2	42	42	
Mid-term assessment				
credit/exam (specify the type)			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
TOTAL LABOR INTENSITY	3	108	108	